

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

[NUMB. XXXV.]

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1796.

[VOL. IX.]

A Scheme of Chances of Insurance

On the Lottery authorized by Law for raising 2550 dollars, for the Lexington Lodge, No. 25; to raise the same sum for the purpose of repairing the streets building stone bridges, paving, &c. the town of Lexington.

THE trustees of the town of Lexington, as the representatives of the inhabitants, submit the following scheme to their constituents, and to the citizens of the state at large. The inhabitants of the town, whether merchants, tradesmen or mechanics, and the farmers, planters and laborers of the country mutually depend upon, and assist each other. The inhabitants of the town have themselves to dispose of to the cultivator of the land, which he cannot manufacture for himself at the same price; on the other hand, as his occupation prevents him from tending his own labor in the field, the produce of the country, he is compelled to receive it in return, for what he has furnished to the husbandman, that produce, either in the article itself, or the price of it.

These observations are verified by the great rise in the value of landed property adjacent to the town of Lexington, in proportion to the rise of property of the same description in other parts of the state, which can only be accounted for by the rapid improvement and increase of population in the town.

To the citizens of the town of Lexington, the trustees suggest that with the sum authorized by law to be collected and appropriated by them, the proceeds of seven years taxes will be insufficient to build stone bridges, to make sewers for carrying off the water, to sink wells and erect pumps (the necessity of which has been evidenced by the late calamity by fire) and to make such other repairs, as are necessary for the health, safety and convenience of their fellow-citizens. What purpose the temporary repairs heretofore made, have answered, which have even exceeded the amount of their funds, every citizen can determine.

To the citizens of the state at large, they suggest that all increase of population is an increase of wealth and that the increase of inhabitants who are employed in trade, manufactures or husbandry, and who do not cultivate the earth, must increase the demand for the necessities of life, and the competition of purchasers for a foreign market; and that the proposed improvement of the town is the most likely way to procure such increase of population.

The true and communication between the town and the country, resembles the circulation of the blood, it is first impelled to the heart, and from thence driven to warm and invigorate the most extensive parts.

The scheme they propose is, that they will issue the same number of chances of insurance, as there are tickets in the Lexington Lodge lottery, with the same numbers, and at the same price, and they will pay to the holder of a chance of the same number, as a ticket which shall draw a prize in that lottery, the same sum which the fortunate holder of the ticket shall be entitled to. The fortunate holders of chances of insurance, to be subject as the fortunate holders of tickets in that lottery, to a deduction of fifteen per centum.

LEXINGTON LODGE LOTTERY, No. 25.

1 Prize of 1500 Dollars is 1500

2 — 500 — 1000

3 — 250 — 750

4 — 100 — 400

5 — 50 — 200

6 — 25 — 100

7 — 10 — 50

8 — 5 — 25

9 — 2 — 10

10 — 1 — 5

20 of 100 each, being 1 for the first and 4 for the last drawn ticket 200

Dollars, 15,000

2016 prizes. Not two blanks to a prize.

2984 blanks.

3000 tickets at 5 Dollars.

The holders of chances of insurance, who hold chances of the same numbers as the tickets which draw prizes, shall be paid the same due to them in twenty days after the Lodge lottery is drawn.

A credit for one half of any number of chances shall be given until the said lottery shall have finished drawing. If the several sums which shall be due to the holders of chances shall not be called for within eighteen months, they will be considered as donations.

These chances of insurance depend upon the drawing of the Lexington Lodge lottery authorized by law, an account of the drawing of which is to be published in the Kentucky papers, showing the blanks and prizes.

Tickets may be had by applying to Hugh McIlvaine, James Morrison, Robert Patterson, George Tegarden, Alexander Parker, Thomas Jaffray, and James Hughes, trustees of the town of Lexington, who will manage this insurance, and be answerable for prizes.

All a Court of Quarter Sessions held for Nelson County, at the Court house in Bardonia, on Wednesday the 9th day of September, in the Year 1795.

Peter Young Complainant,

against

James Morrison Defendant.

IN CHANCERY.

THE said Defendant not having entered his appearance agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court—and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the Defendant is not an inhabitant of this state—on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said Defendant do appear here on the second Tuesday in February next, and answer the Complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and some Sunday immediately after Divine service, at the front door of the Baptist meeting house on Cox's creek.

Teste BEN. GRAYSON, C. C.

FRANKFORT.

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE

JUST opened and for sale by the subscriber, on the lowest terms for Cash or Country Produce, in the house lately occupied Capt. DANIEL GASS & Co.

HADEN EDWARDS.

April 19, 1796.

TAKEN up by the subscriber on Summer-street, Bourbon county, a dark bay horse, with a built face and a bell on him, two years old, not branded, appraised to 4. 10s.

Ans. Baker.

Feb. 19, 1796.

A LIST OF LETTERS

New remaining in the Post-Office at Lexington, and if not taken out in three months, will be returned to the General Post-Office as Dead Letters.—April 1, 1796.

WILLIAM ADAMS, Woodford county, Kentucky; Nathan Allen, mer. do. George Bewick, school-master, at Col. Hays', near Bardonia, Kentucky; Monsieur F. N. Dahmer do. James Brownlow, Lexington, Rockbridge county, Virginia; Isaac Barr, near Lexington, Kentucky; James Blythe, near Lexington do. William Barshall, care of James Lemrick, Kentucky; John Beckley, care of Col. Hart, Lexington; George Bowman, care of do. do. George Clarke, near Lexington; John Collier, near Lexington, care of Mr. John Harrison; James Carey, or Edmund Carey, Lexington; John Collins, Lexington; John Chandler, Lexington; Jeremiah Cleveland, Fayette county, Kentucky.

William T. Downon, Lexington; William Dinkin, near Lexington; Richard Deane, Lexington; James Dunlap, merchant, Lexington; Joseph Davis, attorney at law, Mercer county.

John Edwards, merchant, Kentucky. James Elder, Fayette county; Stephen Edwards, Lexington; Elijah Freeman, do. Edmund Fair, near do. James Folger, care of Joseph Haddon, Lexington; Robert Forbes, care of capt. Brooks above Lincum's, 2.

Solomon Green, care of Mr. Isaac Walker; William Gell, near Lexington; James Garey, Yates creek, care of Joseph Winters; Henry Groves, care of Mr. John Smith, Lexington.

Michael Mandley; Lewis Herndon in the fork of Elkhor; James Hanna, Scott county, North Elkhorn, care of the Rev. Robert Marshall.

Robert Judson esq. Bourbon county; Joseph Jones to the care of Mr. A. Holmes, merchant, Lexington.

Robert Kirkwood, at capt. Bareley's tavern, do. Mrs. Alice Long near Woodford, Kentucky; John Little, Spring Station, near the falls of Ohio; James Lemon, Georgetown, Kentucky; Gilbert Love, care of Mr. John Hunt, Lexington; John Libard, Or. matter 4th Feb. Legion, Greenville.

Arch. McManis, near Lexington, care of Samuel Gilbert near Junction's tavern on the Hickman road; M. Mark McCauland, Kentucky; Charles Mayerback, Lexington; Daniel McCloy, merchant, Danville; John Mackee, care of Doctor F. Ridgely, Lexington; Isaac Martin, care of John Hawkins esq. Georgetown; James McMillan, Clarke county.

Heracles O'Connor, Lexington, or Mr. James Barley, Kentucky; Thomas Owen, at mssrs. Abijah & John Hunt's, merchants, Lexington.

Ambrose Pittman, Woodford county; Joseph Priddy, care of Mr. James Morrison, merchant, Lexington.

John Roie, Lincoln county, care of Jas. Thompson, surveyor of Lincoln county; Nathaniel Randolph, care of Mr. Benjamin Scott, Lexington.

R. Spencer, at Mr. Gratios', St. Louis, Illinois; Gilbert Soght, Fayette county on Jacob's creek; Thomas Shannon, Bourbon county; Archibald Steele, care of the Rev. Robert Marshall, North Elkhorn; Scott county; John A. Strange, Woodford county; Cornelius Sullivan, Lexington; Thomas Johnston, Fayette county, eight miles from Lexington; Jediah Stout, Cane run, near Lexington; Archibald A. Strange, Fayette county; William Burton, Madison county near Mill creek; Robert Smith, care of Montgomery Bell, latter, Lexington.

Ala Thompson, near Lexington; Benet Tabor, Kentucky.

Gabriel Underwood, at Ben. S. Cox's, Bardonia, Lexington.

Sanders Walker, near Lexington; Mary White, at or near Bakingbridge; Isaac Walker, near Lexington; Samuel Woods, near Lexington, care of Robert Barr; Benjamin Wilson, Woodford, Kentucky; Walter Worland, Fayette county; Edward Ward, Lexington; William or John Warren, near Strode's station.

Richard Yates, Kentucky.

INNIS B. PRENT, P. M.

NOTICE

I hereby give to all whom it may concern, that commissioners appointed by the county court of Bourbon, will meet on the first day of June next, at the beginning of a military survey of 2000 acres of land made in the name of Thomas Gid. lying in the county of Bourbon on Gid's creek, a branch of Stoner's fork of Licking; and then there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses respecting said survey, and do such other act as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

Joseph Rabenct.

May 11, 1796.

A LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office Frankfort, which if not taken out in three months, will be returned to the General Post-Office as Dead Letters.

MRS. Margaret Britlow, Woodford county, Martin Daniel esq. Shelby county. Mrs. Frances Elliott. Joseph Fenwick, Frankfort. Lewis Herndon, Elkhorn; John Hollingsworth, Frankfort; James G. Hunter, Judge of the district court, Frankfort. William James, near Frankfort. Mrs. Sarah Lee, living at maj. Lee's, Woodford county; maj. John Lee. Rev. Joshua Morris, Bradsher's creek; col. Thomas Marshall, Woodford county; Richard Maderion, Fort-William. James Neely, Cartwright's creek, Washington county. Peyton Short, Woodford county; Reuel Schering, Mercer county; Garrett Smock; John Savary esq. Richard Singleton, Shelby county.

RICHARD M. GANO, AR. ISAAC E. GANO, P. M. April 13, 1796.

WANTED, By ABIAH & JOHN W. HUNT. A lot of their store in Lexington, a quantity of Bacon, Whiskey, Hemp and Country Produce, for which a generous price will be given.

COPPER AND MATERIALS FOR STILLTS FOR SALE. Apply to HUGH McILVAINE. Lexington, May 4, 1796.

NOTICE.

THAT commissioners appointed by the court of Hardin county, will attend on the tenth of June next at an entry of 1000 acres of land made in the name of Reuben Triplett, on the waters of Green river, on a creek now known by the name of Lyncamp creek; then and there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses respecting said entry, and do such other act or thin; as shall be judged necessary and agreeable to law.

JENKIN PHILIPS, J. of REUBEN TRIPLETT. May 11, 1796.

Fayette county.—April Court of Quarter Sessions, 1796. Walter Carr, complainant, Against

William Pawling, John South, Henry Garrett, Thomas Johnston & David Deids, niel Callahan.

In CHANCERY.

THE defendants Henry Garrett, Thomas Johnston and Daniel Callahan, not having entered their appearance agreeable to an act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that they are no inhabitants of this state, therefore, on the motion of the complainant, it is ordered that they do appear here on the second Tuesday in September next, and answer the bill of the complainant;—that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively; published at the door of the Presbyterian meeting-house in the town of Lexington, some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the court-house of this county.

(A copy) teste

LEVI TODD, C. C.

TO BE RENTED

TO the highest bidder at Georgetown, on Tuesday the 24th inst. being court-day, for one year or a term of years, the

HOUSES AND LOT

now occupied by Mr. Geo. Brown, supposed to be the best land in town for a store or tavern; possession to be given the first day of August next.

The Executors of SAMUEL GRANT, dec'd

LEXINGTON CHANCES OF INSURANCE

1 chance of insurance of 1500 dol. is 1500

2 — 500 — 1000

3 — 250 — 750

4 — 100 — 400

5 — 50 — 200

6 — 25 — 100

7 — 10 — 50

8 — 5 — 25

9 — 2 — 10

10 — 1 — 5

20 of 100 each, being one for the first and last drawn tickets. 200

Dollars, 15,000

1016 fortunate chances. Not two blanks to a prize.

2984 blanks.

3000 chances at 5 Dollars.

WAYNESVILLE.

ON the 25th of May next a number of LETS in the town of WAYNESVILLE, will be sold at public auction, according to pay on fourth of the personal money within four months, and the other three fourths within one year from the day of sale. Bond and approved security will be required—the sale to begin at ten o'clock.

WAYNESVILLE is situated on both sides of Stoner's fork of Licking, at the place known by Myers' Mills—within the bounds of the town are two grist mills and a saw mill complete, and shortly will be erected a hemp & falling mill; there are in said town a number of running springs, and to which are roads from the following places, (viz.) Lexington, Iron works, Bourbon and Little mountain, besides many others shortly expected.—A good title will be made to the lots.

EVAN & WILLIAM FRANCIS.

April 21, 1796.

TROTTER & SCOTT.

HAVING sold off their Store, earnestly request all those indebted to them, by bond, note or open account, to come forward & make immediate payment to themselves or Mr. WILLIAM SCOTT, who is authorized to receive, and give discharges.—Those who neglect this notice, cannot expect any longer indulgence. They will attend for the above purpose at the house they lately occupied on Main street.

Lexington, April 2, 1796.

FOR SALE

A NEGRO MAN

ABOUT nineteen years old—Apply to the subscriber near Bryan's Station, Fayette county.

Jeremiah Kirtley.

May 11, 1796.

GENOA, Feb. 12.

The Neapolitan squadron, which hitherto had been joined with the British fleet, are returned to Naples with a great number of their crews sick on board. It is expected they will be replaced by a fresh squadron.

According to the treaty of peace lately concluded between England and Algiers, the latter are permitted to convey their prizes into the ports of Corsica. The Vice-Roy of this kingdom pays 179,000l. to the Dey for releasing the Corsican slaves, retained in Algiers. The Dey has received a beautiful Chebeck of 18 guns, as a present from the English.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 23.

A great number of cavalry companies from Austria, passed through this town the day before yesterday, on their way to join the army on the Rhine, having a great number of horses for it.

Two messengers from the British ambassador at Lausanne, and another from Turin, have passed on their way to London.

Adverses from Munich mention, that the states of Bavaria have offered three millions and a half of florins to the elector, to assist him in establishing an army of 20,000 men, 13,500 of which are to join the Austrian troops at the opening of the next campaign.

There is a report, that a convention of the states of the empire will be opened at Manheim, the deputies to which are also mentioned, namely, Baron Hohenhausen for the court of Saxony, and Count Saltern for the elector of Bohemia.

Much has been said in our papers of a report of peace circulating at Vienna, on the 15th, the accounts from whence say, that the tripartite alliance of the courts of Vienna, Petersburg and London, has made a very great impression on the present government of France, and induced them to lower their demands in some degree. It is said that the late courier from St. Petersburg, which dispatches from our minister Dargelmann, at that place, has brought with him more moderate terms of peace. We cannot speak with any certainty on this head, although some of our politicians pretend, that the plan for a pacification is already made, agreeably to which the English as well as the French make mutual restitution of all conquests. Thus far it may be relied on, that the correspondence between our court and several foreign ones, is at present uncommonly frequent; couriers are daily arriving, while others are dispatched.

The forced loan in Alsace, is levied by execution, at present.

The report, stating that the French had made proposals for the renewal of the armistice for three months longer, has hitherto not been confirmed.

HAMBURG, Feb. 16.

The cabinet of Madrid and Lisbon, had, some time since concerted a close alliance for the mutual defence of the independence of both kingdoms against foreign assumptions.

The danger of an attack from England to which this step might probably expose Portugal, delayed for some time this great political stroke, but all the difficulties will now be removed; and the necessary means concerted in order to enable the Portuguese court to assume a firm attitude towards the British government. This is the real cause of the formidable armaments of Spain by land and by sea, her fleets and armies are ready to defend Portugal against an invasion from that quarter.

There was once a time when imperious necessity forced the house of Braganza to sacrifice every thing to the protection of Great Britain against the overgrowing power of Spain, but this time is over, Spain and Portugal are now united by the ties of kindred and their common interests. The councillors of

the prince of Brazil, did not in vain call his attention upon the splendour of Portugal, and the abject state she is reduced to, since her treaties with England her colonies decayed, her commerce vanished, agriculture almost a finger an object of profit and the natives enslaved in the mines of Brazil to fill the treasuries of the English merchants. From that time Portugal delivered better the name of a tributary province of Great Britain than that of an independent state. Portugal had nothing to do with the present conflict in Europe, but her connection with England forced her to take a share in the war, and a very considerable one in the disputes attending it, for according to an exact statement of the losses of the Portuguese merchants from 1794 to October 1795, amount to twenty millions of Reales, the costs of naval armaments not included.

The army of Pichegru which by its disorderly behavior occasioned the late checks of the French, is completely re-organized; almost all the officers are dismissed and replaced by those who were formerly given away as Jacobins.

The new acquisitions of Austria in Poland consist according to the late census taken by order of the Emperor, 257 towns and boroughs, 4905 villages, 151,113 families and 1,100,178 inhabitants.

LONDON, March 7.

Last night a vessel arrived at Dover, from Calais, from which a foreign gentleman and another were landed, the former of whom immediately took office post for London.

The conjecture was, how true we cannot say, that he was charged with dispatches from Paris for our ministers. We received from this vessel, a Monitor of the third inst. It contains little that is interesting or important. The council seems to be occupied in discussions of some length upon the motion for admitting into the legislative body, 7 members of the late National Convention.

In the list of the 11th Ventose (March) 20 commissioners were appointed by the council of Five Hundred, one to present a plan of police to prevent strangers from flocking to Paris.

The Frenchman who arrived the other day from Paris, at the office of the secretary of state for foreign department, brought dispatches to Lord Grenville, sealed with the National Seal of France. The contents of course, have not yet transpired.

Sir John Warren, that active and admirable officer it is said, is again to have the command of a squadron of frigates, to cruise off the coast of France.

St. JOHN'S, (Antigua,) Feb. 15.

Yesterday evening an American Indian man commanded by a capt M. Allister, came to an anchor in our road, being in want of water; by her we have learnt that the British forces in India have reduced Batavia, & all the Dutch settlements in that part of the world.

PORTSMOUTH, April 6.

A LETTER is received in town from Capt. John Seaward dated at Havre Feb. 20 which informs that there were 230 Sail of Vessels wrecked on the Coast of France, the past season, and that chief of them were American vessels, that the shores presented the melancholy spectacle of being covered with dead bodies.

BOSTON, April 15.

GOOD NEWS.

It is a fact, that nearly 30,000 Dollars in specie were received in Galen, Eddy, from London, and landed in this town on Wednesday. And we are assured, 12,000 sterling, in hard money, is shipped on board the Minerva, Scott, for this place.

The balance of the trade be-

tween England and America, certainly at present, and has been for some time favorable to America. All the above monies, are the returns of outward cargoes.

PHILADELPHIA, April 20.

The following Memorial was agreed upon at the meeting of the merchants and Traders of this city on Friday last.

To the honorable the house of Representatives of the United States, The memorial of the Subscribers, Merchants and Traders of Philadelphia, sheweth,

That they have waited, with anxious expectation, to see the necessary measures adopted by your honorable house for carrying into operation the treaty concluded between the United States and Great Britain and are now seriously alarmed lest those measures should be further delayed or entirely omitted.

Under that impression, they deem it incumbent on them to represent, that the property of the Merchants of the United States, amounting upon a moderate computation, to more than five millions of dollars have been taken from them by the Subjects of Great Britain, the restitution of which they verily believe depends, in a great manner, upon the completion of the treaty on our part.

Independent of this immense sum they have embarked the principal part of their remaining fortunes in vessels and adventures, the safety of which will, as they apprehend, be materially affected by a refusal or neglect of the part of the United States to comply with stipulations so solemnly entered into—besides their particular interest as Merchants and Traders, they feel an interest in common with their fellow-citizens of other dispositions, in the preservation of peace, on which the Prosperity of this country depends; and they should deem themselves wanting in that spirit and independence which ought ever to characterize freemen if they forbore, on so interesting an occasion as the present, to express their wishes and expectations. They therefore, with all due respect for the Representatives of the People of the United States, beg leave to recommend that no partial considerations of policy may influence their decision on this important question; but that the faith, the honor, and the interest of the nation may be preserved by making the necessary provisions for carrying the treaty into full and honorable effect.

NORFOLK, April 12.

ATTACK ON LEAGANE.

The British fleet sailed from Port-au-Prince on the 21st March, consisting of 3 sail of the line, 3 frigates, 1 sloop of war, 4 letters of marque, 3 gun boats, and a number of transports having on board 4000 troops; on the 22d, got possession of the town of Leogane, after six hours heavy fire, which they immediately burnt. On the 24th a ship of war arrived at the Mole with the information that Leogane was not tenable, and before Capt. S's departure from the Mole information was received that the French had retaken the place and put all the men they could find to the sword.

PITTSBURGH April 30.

We hear by the way of the Illinois that the inhabitants within the United States Territory, near Detroit, have moved off, or are preparing to move to the Canada side of the lake, and Detroit river; and also, within these two days, from prelate's eye we hear that the inhabitants at the garrison of Niagara are preparing to move. All much chagrined at the Treaty with the United States.

Lexington, May 14.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Congress to his friend in this place, dated April 27.

As to news from this place, little that is satisfactory can be expected, though the great difference in opinion among the members of Congress, and between the House of Representatives and the President, will create great difficulty for carrying the Spanish, Algerine and Indian treaties into effect, and the bills now lie before the Senate. But the British treaty has been the subject of debate for near two weeks, and no determination has yet taken place—and I verily believe no appropriation will be made this session for that purpose. There is a great bustle here, some, for and some against the treaty. The city is nearly divided.

The British continue to take our vessels if bound to or from a French or Dutch port, and also impress our seamen wherever they find them.

LIST OF Representatives and Electors, BUCKS.

Representatives—Wm. Garrard, J. Gregg, Charles Smith, J. Mountjoy, Robert Wainwright, Wm. Gilchrist.
Electors—J. Garrard, T. Jones, J. Brown, John Edwards, Robt. Enley, Geo. Mountjoy.

CAMPBELL.

Representatives—John Grigg.
Electors—John Waller.

Representatives—Richard Hickman, Robt. Donnelly, James M. Miller, James Pogue, Electors—Rout, Clarke, Junr, D. Ballcock, James McNelly, Robt. McKimney.

JEFFERSON.

Representatives—James McSwisher, Saml. Weiss.
Electors—A. S. Bullitt, Jas. N. Webster.

MADISON.

Representatives—Robt. Caldwell, Jas. Barnett, Thos. C. Lewis, Higg. Grubb.
Electors—John Miller, Wm. Evans, Robt. Rodes, Green Clay.

MASON.

Representatives—Willow Parker, J. Fleck, etc., etc., etc., Thos. C. Lewis, Geo. Lewis.
Electors—G. M. Robinson, Mr. W. Conway, Thos. Sizoo, John Maschir, M. Calday.

SEABURY.

Representatives—John Smith, T. J. Gwyn.
Electors—Ben. Logan, David Standford.

EPGRAM.

"COME, give me your hand neighbor!"
Candidate cries:
"Are you fairly well?" "Well," the elector replies.
"Have you lately received from me a small note?"
"No. What was it for?" "To solicit your vote."

SQUIRREL HUNT.

I WISH to inform the inhabitants of Lexington and all gentlemen living in Fayette county, that there will be a squirrel hunt on the 1st Friday & Saturday in this month. I desire to hunt against Woodford county—the losing party to pay an elegant Barbecue. As I am informed all exertions will be used in Woodford, I solicit all my friends to exert themselves as much as possible. We are to hunt all day Friday, and Saturday morning; then meet at Cox's spring on Scott's road, in order to count the scalp, none of which will be received after 12 o'clock.

WILLIAM HAYDON.

May 12, 1795. 17

THE PARTISANSHIP OF WEBBER & CUNTEL is this day dissolved. All those indebted to them, are requested to pay off their accounts immediately.

THE BAKING BUSINESS will, in future, be carried on by the subscriber, on Cross Street in Lexington. LAWRENCE LINCOLN. May 13, 1795. 13

PUBLIC NOTICE

I hereby given, that I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, on the first day of June next, on an entry made in the name of Bail Stoker of one thousand acres on a treasury warrant, on a well branch of the call of Lick, including a large sinking deer lick, about a quarter of a mile from his cabin, & about six miles from an old Indian town; in order to perpetuate testimony for the establishment of certain calls in said entry, and do such other things as may be necessary and according to law. ABRAHAM STOKER. May 11, 1795. 11

NOTICE
Is hereby given to all who it may concern, that commissioners appointed by the court of Clarke county, will meet on Summerfest on the 3rd day of May next in order to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses respecting an entry of 1500 acres of land made in the name of Philip Drake, entered in 1780, and do such other acts as shall be thought necessary to establish said claim.

William Payne.

NOTICE
Is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that pursuant to an order of Green county court, appointing Elias Barbee, John Barke and Thomas Hall, or any two of them commissioners, to take depositions to perpetuate the testimony of my improvement, boundary line and other special place of my entry. I shall attend with said commissioners on said land at the house of Thomas Marshall, on the first day of June next to take the depositions of William Gleason, Daniel Hughes and all those who have land intervening are desired to attend at the time and place aforesaid.

Boas Ford.

NOTICE
All persons are hereby forewarned from trading for or taking the land of John Clarke county, for 331. the one amounting to 181. payable in June or July 1796; 151. to be paid in cash, the balance in a cow and calf. The other amounting to 151. payable within four years from last January, as he obtained them in a fraudulent manner, and we are determined not to pay them until compelled by law.

Edwin Francis.
William Francis.

April 8, 1796.

NOTICE
Is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I shall attend the commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, at the plantation of William Downey on Stoner's fork of Licking in said county, on the 24th day of May next, and there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses, respecting an improvement made near that place for William Brant, and do such other acts as may be judged necessary and according to law. The Green River road crosses Brant's near Downey's plantation.

Original Young.

NOTICE
That pursuant to an order of the county court of Franklin, I depose on the 30th day of March, accompanied by the commissioners, to meet at Richard Bar's improvement in the county of Franklin, and agreeable to the calls in said Bar's certificate. The improvement lies between Bond's upper and lower creeks; the place of meeting is at the house of Mr. John Robinson, who occupies a part of said land; in order then and there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses to establish said improvement, and do such other acts as shall appear necessary and agreeable to law. It is further to be observed that the above described improvement and land, lies not exceeding five miles from Frankfort.

Ab. E. Mills, for
Richard Bar.

April 22, 1796.

TAKE NOTICE
That on Tuesday the 24th day of May next, I shall attend commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, to take depositions to establish the call of the following entry—May 12, 1780; Jacob Myers entry 5200 acres on the waters of a large fork of Licking, running parallel with the mountains, and emptying in the main branch about thirty miles above the upper Blue Licks, including four or five cabins, made by Thomas Clark and company in 1775. And then and there to do such other acts as the law requires.

Andrew Swearingen.
Clarke county, April 23, 1796.

TAKE NOTICE
That on Thursday the 26th day of May next, I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, to establish the beginning corner of Thomas Swearingen's entry of 1000 acres, on the dividing ridge between Hinton and Flat creeks, at a tree marked T. S. Y. on the north side of a pond; and then and there to do such other acts as the law requires.

Andrew Swearingen.
Clarke county, April 25, 1796.

BE it known to all whom it may concern, that whereas I have obtained a title to a certain tract of land, it being a preemption of 1500 acres, granted by the commonwealth of Virginia to John Flatts, and being desirous to establish the improvement upon which said preemption was obtained, do hereby notify all persons interested, that I shall attend at said improvement on the 16th day of May next, with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Bourbon, under an act entitled "An act to alter the boundaries of land, and for other purposes," there to take the depositions of witnesses for the above purpose, and then and there to do such other and further acts to perpetuate the same as they may think fit & the law requires.

John Roberts.

WASHINGTON, 27.
March Quarterly Court, 1796.
Zachariah Riney, Joseph Alvey, and Anne his wife, Edith Riney, Clement Grifley, and Mary his wife, **vs.**
John Wathen and Henrietta **Defendants.**

IN CHANCERY.
The Defendants having failed to appear and answer the Complainant's bill agreeably to the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are plaintiffs of this state, on the motion of the Complainant by their counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said Defendants appear here on a first day of the next May court, and answer the Complainant's said bill, that the same shall be taken as confessed, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published three times at the front door of the Roman Chapel in this county.

(A Copy) Telle
JOHN REED, C. W. C.

AM authorized to sell sundry tracts of military lands on the South side of Green River, and on the North West side of the dog for which a general warranty shall be given. Also a considerable quantity of military warrant lands lying in various parts of this state.

John Breckinridge.
Feb. 13 1796.

FOR SALE
ONE thousand acres of the late General Stephen's military survey of LANDS on Hickman, about ten miles from Lexington, and adjoining that part on which General Lawton now lives. For terms apply to Thomas Hart and Cornelius Beatty of said town who are empowered to dispose of the same.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
The subscriber respectfully informs the public, he will take charge of the Grammar School at Millig, Woodford county, where he formerly taught; and as he is employed an assistant, he will give instructions also in such branches of the sciences, as can be taught at a private school. The greatest attention shall be given to the youth committed to his care.

AND STEELE.
April 12, 1796.

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.
A few Copies of the Acts Passed at the last session of the General Assembly of this state; to which is prefixed, the Act of Virginia concerning the erection of the District of Kentucky into an independent state, and the Constitution of Kentucky.

NOTICE
Is hereby given to all who it may concern, that commissioners appointed by the court of Madison county, will meet at an old Indian camp on the waters of Licking near the head of Fleeming creek, on the second day of June next, in order to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses respecting an entry of 3000 acres of land made in the name of Nathaniel Hart, entered in the year 1780, and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary to establish said claim.

Robert Johnson.

NOTICE
That commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, will meet on the 23rd day of May next on the land claimed by George Winn on an entry of 1000 acres, made May 19, 1780, adjoining the lands of Thomas Winn on the waters of Licking, then and there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses respecting the calls in said entry, and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

GEORGE WINN.
May 4, 1796.

NOTICE
That commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, will meet on the 23rd day of May next on the land claimed by Thomas Winn, on an entry made May 19, 1780, on treasury warrant, containing 400 acres on Licking waters, beginning at a red oak marked H. and two other trees marked E. S. W. P. then and there to perpetuate the testimony respecting the calls of said entry, and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

THO. WINN.
May 4, 1796.

NOTICE
That commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, will meet on the 23rd day of May next on the land claimed by Owen Winn on an entry of 500 acres made the 23rd day of May 1780, in the name of said Winn, adjoining lands of Thomas Winn, on waters of Licking, then and there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses respecting the calls in said entry, and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

OWEN WINN.
May 4, 1796.

GENEROUS WAGES

Will be given for able-bodied NEGRO MEN, to work at the Iron Works on Slate, where they will receive good treatment. Apply to Mr. John Breckinridge, or to the subscriber.

JOHN C. OWENS.

M'COUN & CASTLEMAN,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND NOW OPENING,

At their STORE, second door below the sign of the Buffalo, a large & general Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF
Dry Goods and Groceries

of all kinds;

Which they are determined to sell low for CASH HIDES and Country LINEN.

Lexington, August 10, 179

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY
For raising the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of erecting a DUCK and LINEN MANUFACTORY in Georgetown. In three Classes—500 Dollars by the first, and 2000 the two last.

CLASS THE FIRST.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50

1799 Prizes.
3333 Blanks.

5334 Tickets, at \$ Dollars each is 26670
Subject to a discount of Fifteen per Centum.

As every encouragement ought to be given to manufactures in this state, this in particular claims the attention of the public. The many advantages which will arise from manufacturing DUCK, must be so forcibly striking to every mind of reflection, that the managers that it is unnecessary to enlarge on the subject; and the liberal principle upon which the scheme is founded (two blank to a prize) will, exclusive of that encouragement, justify the speculative adventurer upon principle of gain. The managers therefore flatter themselves that they will meet with such encouragement in the sales of the tickets as will in a short time justify their appointing and giving public notice when the drawing of the lottery will commence.

Tickets may be had by applying in Lexington to mess: John Bradford and Alexander M'Gregor, a Frankfort to Mr. George Madison, in Versailles to Doctor Preston, or to J. C. HENRY, Managers.

J. HAWKINS.

* Any person purchasing 20 tickets, shall have a credit until the Lottery is drawn.

This is to forewarn all persons from purchasing two hundred acres of land from Charles Sumption, part of a two hundred and twenty-seven acre survey, lying in Green county, on Little Barren river, he having obtained a deed for the same fraudulently. Given under my hand this 15th of April 1796.

JOHN ROW.

STRAYED from the subscriber early in April last, the following HORSES, viz: A bay mare, about fourteen and a half years high, eight or nine years old, a small hair in her forehead, if branded forgotten, one foot white, had on a common size horse bell, suspended by a new leather collar and branded R. C.—Also a white horse, about the same height of the mare, and two or three years older, if branded forgotten, a blemish in one eye from a late stroke, both mare and horse in tolerable plight, trots and canters, and thin shoes lately taken off. It is impounded they are on Hickman creek, or the Kentucky river above the mouth of said creek, as they were seen not far from Mr. Ballenger's, shortly after they strayed, and as the mare was once the property of some person who then lived on Hickman, and of whom Mr. Edward S. Thomas had her in fall 1792. And also a bay filly, two years old, never docked nor branded, no white, and went away about the 28th March last. Whoever delivers said horses, or either of them, to the subscriber, or recovers them, or either of them, so that he gets them again, shall receive for the three, twenty dollars, or fifteen for the mare and horse, and five for the filly, if delivered; or half thereof for information and securing.

RO. CRADDOCK.
Danville, July 1, 1796.

GEORGE ADAMS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened Tavern, in that commodious house on Main street, the third door below Cross street; where those who please to favor him with their custom, shall meet with every possible attention.

January 4, 1796.

HAT MANUFACTORY.

At the corner of Cross and Water Streets.

WHERE Ladies and Gentlemen can be supplied with Wool or Fur HATS, at a very low rate for the CASH, by

ARCHIBALD BROWN.
N. B. I want an APPRENTICE to the above business.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

For raising the sum of 2350 Dollars, for the use of the LEXINGTON LODGE, No. 25.

No. Prizes.	Dolls.	Dolls.
1 of 1500	is	1500
2 — 500	—	1000
3 — 250	—	750
4 — 100	—	500
5 — 50	—	600
6 — 25	—	750
100 — 10	—	2000
170 — 5	—	2550
251 — 10	—	2510
440 — 5	—	2040

2 of 100 each being 1 for the first and 1 for the last drawn ticket 200

7016 prizes } Not two blanks to
1984 blanks } a prize.

3000 tickets at 5 dolls. 15,000

The Prizes subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent.—Prizes to be paid for by the managers, twenty days after the lottery is drawn. A credit of one half of any number of tickets exceeding twenty, shall be given, until the Lottery shall have finished drawing. Prizes drawn and not called for within eighteen months after the Lottery finishing drawing, will be considered as a donation made to the Lexington Lodge.

The drawings of the lottery will be published in the Kentucky papers, regularly, shewing the blanks and prizes.

Tickets may be had by applying to James Morrison, Alex. M'Gregor, Edm. Bullock, Hugh M'Gowan, Robert McGowan, or William Murray, John Fowler. Managers appointed by law.

I WANT TO PURCHASE A QUANTITY OF ASHES.

FOR which I will give FOUR PENCE CASH per Bushel; & will send and collect them twice a week, from the houses in town.

George Manfell.
Lexington, January 9, 1796.

WHEREAS by an act of Assembly entitled "An act to amend an act for the better regulating the trade of Lexington," the trustees of said town are authorized to enact such bye-laws for the regulation of the market therein contained, as to them should appear proper, under certain restrictions contained in the said act. By virtue of said authority, the trustees now give notice, that two market days in each week will be held in said town, one on each Wednesday, the other on each Saturday, to commence on the second Wednesday in May next. From which day no person or persons are to offer for sale any article of market belonging either at the market house in said town, under the penalty of forfeiture of such articles offered for sale, before eleven o'clock of said market day.

That a Clerk of the market, authorized by the trustees, will attend on those days, whose duty it will be to seize such provisions as shall be unwholesome; as also such as shall be found deficient in the weight sold for.

That from and after the first day of July, no weights or measures are to be used in said market, but such as have been regulated and received the town stamp, under penalty of forfeiture.

By order of the board of the trustees of the town.
HUGH McILVAIN, Chairman.
Lexington, April 8, 1796.

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